## HANDOUT ACCOMPANYING MINISTER FOR MANPOWER'S SPEECH ON FINANCIAL SECURITY IN RETIREMENT AT COS DEBATES 2008

## IMPACT OF WORKFARE INCOME SUPPLEMENT ON LOW WAGE WORKER'S RETIREMENT SAVINGS

Mr Harun is age 40 this year and works as an employee earning \$900 a month. He has \$6,600 in his OA and \$8,700 in his SA. If he continues working until age 55, each year he would be able to receive WIS in cash and CPF of up to \$1,200, on top of the \$3,000 CPF contribution from his employer and himself.<sup>2</sup> At age 55, he would have accumulated \$82,000 in his Retirement Account.<sup>3</sup> Without WIS, he would have only \$71,000.

If Mr Harun continues to work till 65, the balance will grow to \$122,000, of which \$15,000 was due to WIS payouts and the extra interest rate.

**Table 1: Retirement Account Balance** 

	With WIS	Without WIS	Difference
Age 55	\$82,000	\$71,000	+ \$11,000
Age 65	\$122,000	\$107,000	+ \$15,000

Assumptions:

Fixed wage at \$900 (no wage growth)

No withdrawals

Does not include MA overflows

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  To OA + SA + MA. Contributions to OA + SA amount to \$2,300 a year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Assuming he does not use his Ordinary Account savings for housing.

## **Chart 3: Impact of WIS**

## **Impact of WIS**



Age 40	Age 55	Age 65
• Has \$6,600 in OA	• \$71,000 in RA	• \$107,000 in RA
• Has \$8,700 in SA	With WIS	With WIS
<ul> <li>Continues to work till 65</li> </ul>	• \$82,000 in RA	• \$122,000 in RA

Assuming Ordinary Account savings not used for housing after 40